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orders often become incapacitated and remain so for want of the particular treatment they require. For such treatment scarcely any facilities exist at the present moment. To say that a condition is merely due to "nerves" has been almost equivalent to saying that it calls for nothing beyond rest and change. These disorders are, however, amenable to medical treatment under favorable conditions, and it is to provide such means of cure and further to expand and elaborate them that the present institution has been founded.

The hospital is primarily intended for those members of the educated classes who are unable to meet the heavy expenses associated with care and treatment in a nursing home. The upkeep of the institution and the treatment of the patients have been largely provided for by the generosity of the founder, but a charge will be made to each patient as a contribution to his or her maintenance.

The members of the general committee, under the chairmanship of Sir Ernest Cassel, are Sir Robert Hudson, Sir Courtauld Thomson, Sir Felix Cassel (the trustees of the fund), and Mrs. Joshua, together with the members of the medical committee, Miss Aldrich-Blake, M.S., Dr. Farquhar Buzzard, Sir Maurice Craig, Lord Dawson, Professor J. S. Haldane, Dr. Henry Head, Dr. A. F. Hurst, and Sir Frederick Treves. Dr. T. A. Ross, who has had a wide experience of diseases of the nervous system, has been appointed medical director.

THE GIFT TO MME. CURIE

THE deed of gift, which accompanied the gram of radium presented to Mme. Curie by President Harding on May 27 reads:

This agreement, made this 19th of May, 1921, between the Committee of Women of the Marie Curie Fund, of 3 Macdougall Street, New York City, and Mme. Curie, of Paris, France, witnesseth:

WHEREAS a gram of radium has been secured through the efforts of the above mentioned committee and by the voluntary subscriptions of the women of the United States for the purpose of presentation to Mme. Marie Curie for free and

untrammelled use by her in experimentation and in pursuit of science,

Now, therefore, in consideration of the object above set forth and in order that the fullest scientific use may be made of such material, the said executive committee of the Mme. Curie Fund, as representing the subscribers thereto, does hereby give, grant and transfer to Mme. Marie Curie the said gram of radium, to be used and applied by her freely and in her discretion in experimentation and in the best interests of science by herself personally, or under her direction or through such agencies, assistants and successors as she may nominate, and in the confident expectation that Mme. Curie will take measures as will insure the continued use of the said material for the purposes stated, in case of her withdrawal from activities or other disability through such persons as she may adjudge best qualified for the purpose.

RUINS IN THE UPPER CANADIAN VALLEY

IN March and April, Messrs. W. K. Moorehead and J. B. Thoburn travelled through the Upper Canadian valley and the Panhandle of Texas and eastern New Mexico, continuing the explorations begun last spring in that region. They discovered that the small buildings and house foundations which are supposed to have marked the beginning of the Pueblo-Cliff Dweller culture extended through New Mexico to the foot of the continental divide. In the Mora valley they found seven or eight small ruins and one L-shaped structure 200 x 150 feet which were distinctively Pueblo. On the surface, and by means of excavation, broken pottery of black and white design was found. This was archaic Pueblo—the earliest type. In Ute and La Cinta canyons were found rock shelters and caverns which had been inhabited by Indians. Many more petroglyphs were also discovered.

The results of this expedition are said to confirm the observations made last year to the effect that a new field in American archeology has been opened and that Indian remains extend through a territory approximately 250 x 150 miles.

GEOLOGICAL EXPEDITION TO CHINA

A PARTY of six geologists and mining engineers from Minnesota and Wisconsin, includ-